Emily Couric Clinical Cancer Center University of Virginia Charlottesville, VA

Gilbane Building Co.



Brittany Muth Construction Management



Outline

Background
Solar Panels
Electrical Breadth
BIM for Façade
Prefabrication
Mechanical Breadth
Conclusions
Questions

Introduction Background Solar Panels Electrical

Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication

 Mechanical Breadth
 Conclusions
 Questions

Building Statistics:

- 154,000 SF
- 5 floors + penthouse
- \$74 million
- Outpatient diagnostic and treatment center
- Apr. 2008 Dec. 2010
- Design-Bid-Build



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade

Prefabrication • Mechanical Breadth Conclusions Questions



Architecture:

- Consolidate existing services into one building
- Offices, exam rooms, linear accelerators, radiation/oncology
- 4th floor expansion
- Entrance Lobby

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade

Prefabrication
Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions

Mechanical System:

- All air, local reheat in each room
- 4 main AHU's
- 288 air terminal units

Electrical System:

- 23 local transformers
- 83 panel boards
- 65 different light fixtures, fluorescent



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions



Building Envelope:

- Brick veneer, stone, and curtain wall
- EPDM single-ply roof membrane w/ white acrylic coating
- Roof garden

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical Breadth Conclusions

Questions



BIM for Façade Construction

Possible Limitations:

- Learning curve
- Technology
- Experience
- **Possible Benefits:**
- Quicker construction
- Better coordination
- Shorter schedule

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth

BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions

- Increase
 Constructability?
- Yes
 - Structural analysis
 - Coordination
 - Details



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical

- Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication
- Mechanical Breadth
 Conclusions
 Questions

- Increase Productivity?
- Yes
 - Communication
 - Plan execution



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication

 Mechanical Breadth
 Conclusions

Conclusions Questions

- Beneficial for Façade
 Analysis/
 - Coordination?
- Yes
 - Quantifying materials
 - Understanding water infiltration and energy loss





 Mechanical Breadth

Conclusions Questions

- Learning curve = negative affects?
- No
 - Find right people







Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions

- Reduce cost of façade construction?
- Neutral
 - Saves on errors
 - Increase in productivity



BIM for Façade Construction

Bin for Façade Survey Results:

Introduction

Background Solar Panels Electrical Breadth

PrefabricationMechanical

Breadth

Conclusions

Questions

- Most difficult parts:
 - Level of details
 - Training
 - Subcontractors

- Most beneficial parts:
 - Increase field productivity
 - Managing costs
 - Coordination

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication

 Mechanical Breadth
 Conclusions
 Questions



BIM for Façade Construction

Conclusion:

- Use for mock ups
- Not for complete model

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth

- BIM for Façade **Prefabrication** • Mechanical
- Breadth Conclusions Questions

Advantages:

- Shorter schedule
- Better quality
- Possibly cheaper
- constructability

Prefabrication of Brick Facade

Disadvantages:

- Possibly more expensive
- Storage

Prefabrication of Brick Facade

Brick Facade:

Introduction

Background Solar Panels • Electrical

Breadth

BIM for Façade Prefabrication

 Mechanical Breadth

Conclusions

Questions

- Area = 33,472 SF
- Schedule = 244 days
- Original cost = \$1.8 million





BIM for Façade **Prefabrication** • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions

Materials:

- 8" CMU Backup
- 2" Insulation
- Mortar Net
- Weeps
- Brick Veneer



Introduction Background Solar Panels Electrical **Prefab:** Breadth • Mortar Net BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Weeps Mechanical Breadth

Conclusions Questions

Materials Excluded with

- Air Cavity
- Steel Plates •
- CMU Backup



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade

Prefabrication

Conclusions Questions Thin Brick Prefab System:Cold formed structural stud:

- 6" 16 ga. 1-5/8" @ 16" o.c.
- 5/8" sheathing
- WP membraneZ
- Mechanical
 Breadth
 - 5/8" sheathing
 - Lath
 - Scratch coat
 - Laticrete
 - Thin brick



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade **Prefabrication** • Mechanical

New Advantages:

• Shorter schedule

No air cavity, no leaks

Better quality

Constructability

•

•

Breadth Conclusions Questions

Prefabrication of Brick Facade

New Disadvantages:

• More expensive

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade **Prefabrication** • Mechanical Breadth Conclusions Questions

< 30' →	7'₩

Prefabrication of Brick Facade

Panel Calculations:

- Panel Area = 30' x 7' = 210 SF
- # of panels = 33,472 SF / 210 SF= 159 panels
- Days = 159 panels / 8 panels per day = 20 days

Prefabrication of Brick Facade

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical

Breadth BIM for Façade **Prefabrication** • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions

Comparison:

- Original:
 - Cost = \$1.8 million
 - Schedule = 244 days
- Prefabricated:
 - Cost = \$3.2 million
 - Schedule = 178 days



Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication

 Mechanical Breadth
 Conclusions
 Questions



Prefabrication of Brick Facade

Conclusion:

- Too expensive
- Not a fast track schedule



 Mechanical Breadth

Conclusions Questions

Original Wall Properties:

- R-value = 10.63
- U-value = 0.094
- Thickness = 16"



Mechanical Breadth

Prefab Wall Properties:

- R-value = 13.28
- U-value = 0.075
- Thickness = 11"



Introduction Background Solar Panels

 Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication

• Mechanical Breadth Conclusions Questions

R VALUES

STANDARDIZED MEASURES OF RESISTANCE TO HEAT TRANS-FER. WERE FIRST PROPOSED IN 1945 BY EVERET SHUMAN. WHO. AS DIRECTOR OF PENN STATE'S BUILDING RESEARCH INSTITUTE, CONTINUED TO PROMOTE THEIR ADOPTION. R VALUES WERE LATER WIDE LY APPLIED TO INDUSTRIAL AND RESIDENTIAL INSULAT-ING MATERIALS AND HELPED CONSUMERS MAKE MORE ENERGY-EFFICIENT CHOICES.

PENN STATE ALUMNI ASSOCIATION

Mechanical Breadth

Heat Loss:

- Original Design
 - 176,384 BTU/HR
- Prefab Design
 - 141,145 BTU/HR
 - 19.9% better

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical Breadth Conclusions Questions



Mechanical Breadth

Conclusion:

- Prefab has better mechanical properties
- Still too expensive

Introduction Background Solar Panels • Electrical Breadth BIM for Façade Prefabrication • Mechanical

Breadth Conclusions Questions



Conclusions

- Solar panels not economical
- BIM should have been used for mockups
- Prefab definitely shortens the schedule and adds quality, but too expensive

University of Virginia:

Introduction

Background

Solar Panels

Electrical

Breadth

BIM for Façade

PrefabricationMechanical

Breadth

Conclusions Questions

- Fred Dunn
- Jeff Moore
- Dee Eadie

Gilbane Building Company

• Mike Poulin, Project Executive

ISEC, Inc.:

- Matt Heistand
- Paul Harsch
- Jim McAllister

Eastern Exterior Wall Systems Inc.:

• Wayne Martin

Acknowledments

Clark Nexson

• Jonathan Walker

Davis Construction

Balfour Beatty

Jacobs Engineering

United States Army Corps Engineers

The Pennsylvania State University:

Faculty



Questions?

